

SAES Getters S.p.A.

FIRST SECTION OF THE REMUNERATION REPORT

Pursuant to article 123-*ter*, paragraph 3, of Legislative Decree no. 58/1998 and article 84-*quater* and related Annex 3A, Schedule 7-*bis* – section I of Consob resolution no. 11971/1999 relating to issuer regulations.

SAES GETTERS S.P.A.**Compensation Policy for Strategic Resources - 2015****Foreword**

Remuneration of Directors and other executive officers with strategic responsibilities within SAES Getters S.p.A. (hereafter “SAES” or the “Company”) is determined to be of an amount sufficient to attract, retain, and motivate qualified professionals with the attributes needed to successfully manage the Company.

The Company annually defines the general policy on compensation (the “Policy”), which summarizes principles and procedures which the SAES Group (as defined hereafter) abides by, in order to:

- **consent the correct application** of compensation practice as defined hereafter;
- guarantee an adequate level of **transparency** with regard to compensation policies and the amounts paid out;
- favor the **proper involvement** of the competent Company bodies in the approval of the compensation Policy.

The Policy is drafted in light of the recommendations contained in Art. 6 of the Self-regulating Code of Borsa Italiana S.p.A. - as amended on July 2014, adopted by SAES, and in keeping with the provisions of Art. 123-ter of Legislative Decree No. 58 of February 24, 1998, as amended (the “Consolidated Financial Act”), with Art. 84-*quater* of the Consob Regulations, approved with resolution No.11971 of May 14, 1999, as amended (the “Issuers Regulations”), and with Annex 3A to the Issuers Regulations, Schedule 7-*bis*. The Policies are also drafted in compliance with the regulatory provisions contained in the procedure for transactions with related parties, approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on November 11, 2010, pursuant to the regulations adopted by Consob with resolution No.17221 of March 12, 2010, as amended.

The Policy applies to Directors and Executives with Strategic Responsibilities, as further detailed hereafter.

Some of the terms frequently used herein are defined as follows:

Code/Self-regulatory Code: the Self-Regulatory Code of listed companies, approved in July 2014 by the Corporate Governance Committee, promoted by Borsa Italiana S.p.A.

Compensation and Appointment Committee: the Compensation and Appointment Committee created by the Company in implementing Art. 6 of the Code.

Executive Directors or vested with special powers: they are the directors of SAES Getters SpA holding the office of President and Managing Director.

Non-executive and / or independent or not vested with special powers: they are all directors of SAES Getters S.p.A. appointed by the shareholders. Directors in other companies of the Group SAES who are also directors of the Group.

Executives with Strategic Responsibilities: the persons endowed with the powers and with the responsibilities, either direct or indirect, over the planning, direction, and control of the

Company's activities, including directors (whether executive or non-executive) of the Company, and all the regular members of the Audit Committee, as defined in the regulations adopted by Consob with resolution No. 17221 of March 12, 2010, as amended, on related party transactions.

Group or SAES Group: the group of companies controlled by or connected to SAES pursuant to Art. 2359 of the Civil Code.

RAL: the gross annual fixed component of the remuneration for those who have an employment relationship.

MBO (Management by Objectives): indicates the component, variable annually, of the compensation paid to executives based on the attainment of predefined company objectives (for Directors with executive responsibilities).

PFS (Partnership for Success): means the annual variable component of remuneration (on target bonus of 40% of the base salary) that based on the achievement of pre-defined business objectives for the population of executives with strategic responsibilities.

LTI Plan: indicates the "Long Term Incentive" Plan as illustrated in paragraph 7 of this Policy, with regard to executive directors, and in paragraph 9, with regard to Executives with Strategic Responsibilities (excluding members of the Statutory Auditors). Payment of such long-term component of variable compensation is deferred by three years.

Variable Compensation: compensation connected with the attainment of annual and long-term objectives, a relevant part of which (LTI Plan) is paid in deferred rates, as required by the provisions on company governance in the Code. The MBO and the LTI Plan constitute the overall Variable Compensation.

Yearly Total Direct Compensation Target: it indicates the sum (i) of the gross fixed annuity, (ii) the gross variable annuity which the executive would receive in case of attainment of objectives; (iii) the annualization of the medium/long term gross variable component (so-called LTI Plan) which the executive has a right to receive in case of attainment of the medium/long term objectives.

1. Principles and objectives

The Company defines and applies a Policy on the annual remuneration. This Policy is formalized – in order to attract, motivate, and retain the resources with the professional characteristics required to attain the objectives set by the Group, which are more and more concerned with increasingly more complex, diverse, and highly competitive technological markets, keeping into account the dynamics of the labor market.

In recent years the "business model" of the SAES Group has changed a lot, and this requires a continuous alignment of Compensation Policies: the Company operates through its Business Units in multiple international markets, in different technological contexts. Although the headquarters located in Italy, the Group management involves a specific multi-business approach with different speeds depending on the business / market, requiring complex skills and a strong cultural and managerial flexibility.

The Policy is defined so as to align the interests of the top management with those of the shareholders, and is designed to pursue the priority objective to create sustainable assets in the medium/long term. A fundamental aspect of said objective is represented by the consistent and compliant observance, in time, of the core principles of this Policy.

Therefore the most relevant aspect in determining compensation is the creation of mechanisms that allow executives to identify with the Company, and are adequate to the global market or reference.

2. Compensation and Appointment Committee

The Board of Directors has instituted, as part of the Board, since December 17, 1999, the “Compensation Committee”, now Compensation and Appointment Committee with consulting and proposition-oriented tasks. Particularly, in compliance with Art. 6 of the Self-regulatory Code, the Compensation and Appointment Committee:

- 1) elaborate and define a Remuneration Policy and propose to the Board of Director its adoption;
- 2) periodically evaluates the adequacy, the overall coherence and the practical application of the Policy for the Directors and Executives with Strategic Responsibilities remuneration and provides the Board of Directors with proposals and opinions with regard to the policies adopted by the Company with regard to compensation, based on the information provided by the executive officers, and suggesting improvements, where needed;
- 3) examines the proposals relative to compensation of executive officers and Executives with Strategic Responsibilities;
- 4) expresses opinions or submits proposals to the Board of Directors over the compensation of executives vested of special appointments, based on the Policy;
- 5) verifies the accuracy and correct application of compensation criteria for the Company’s Executives with Strategic Responsibilities and their consistency through time;
- 6) proposes and collaborates in establishing objectives (targets) with regard to the variable compensation plans for the Executive Directors;
- 7) verifies the attainment of the variable compensation objective defined for executive officers;
- 8) verifies the application of the resolutions taken by the Board of Directors with regard to compensation.

To date, the members of the Compensation and Appointment Committee, pursuant to Art.6.P.3. of the Self-Regulatory Code is composed by Independent Directors and Non-executive Directors, more precisely by the following people: Prof. Emilio Bartezzaghi

(Independent Director), Prof. Andrea Sironi (Independent Director and Lead Independent Director) and Prof. Adriano De Maio (Non-executive Director¹).

All components of the Compensation and Appointment Committee possess adequate experience in economic / financial compensation and assessed by the Board of Directors at the time of appointment.

3. Procedure for the definition, approval, and implementation of the Policy

The Policy was defined following a transparent process in which the Compensation and Appointment Committee and the Board of Directors have taken a leading role. The Board of Directors, as proposed by the Compensation and Appointment Committee, defines the Policy.

The Compensation and Appointment Committee, in carrying out its tasks, ensures suitable functional and operational connections with the competent Company structures. In particular, the Company's Human Resource Department, with the assistance, where needed, of specialized consulting firms, provides the Compensation and Appointment Committee with all the information and analyses needed to finalize its contents.

The Chairman of the Statutory Auditors or other auditor appointed by the Chairman participates in the meetings of the Compensation and Appointment Committee. Such meetings can be attended also by the other Statutory Auditors.

Once defined, the proposed Policy drafted by the Compensation and Appointment Committee is submitted to the approval of the Board of Directors, who may make the amendments or alterations it may deem necessary.

The Board of Directors, having heard the Statutory Auditors, keeping into account the observations and proposals of the Compensation and Appointment Committee, reaches a final resolution on the Policy and approves the compensation report detailed in the paragraph below.

The Compensation and Appointment Committee has approved the proposed Policy with regard to the year 2015 on February 4, 2015. During the meeting the Committee has evaluated the adequacy, the overall coherence and the practical application of the Policy of 2014 considering than put in place by the Company.

The Board of Directors has approved the Policy for the year 2015 on February 18, 2015.

Based on the Policy, the following are approved:

- by the Board of Directors: the compensation and contract proposals for executive directors upon conferral of their appointment, according to company practice, as well as any modification or adjustment, if needed;
- by the Company's Human Resources Department, with the approval of executive officers: the compensation adjustment proposals for the Executive Officers with Strategic Responsibilities (excluding regular members of the Statutory Auditors);

¹ Qualify as Independent Director pursuant to the provisions of articles 147-ter, paragraph 4, and 148, paragraph 3, of Italian Legislative Decree 58/1998

- by the Shareholders: the compensation of the Statutory Auditors (please see paragraph 11 below on this regard).

4. Transparency

The Policy is part of the compensation report to be submitted annually to the Meeting of the Shareholders pursuant to Art. 123-ter of the Testo Unico, which must be drafted in compliance with the provisions of Art. 84-*quater* of the Issuers Regulations and with Schedule 7-*bis* and 7-*ter*, contained in Annex 3A to the Issuers Regulations (the “**Compensation Report**”). The Compensation Report, in Section II, includes also: (i) indication of the compensation of the members of the control and direction bodies, of managing directors, if any, and, collectively, of the Executive Officers with Strategic Responsibilities, and (ii) reports the shares owned by the members of the directing or control bodies, by managing directors and Executive Officers with Strategic Responsibilities in the Company and in the Group.

The Compensation Report is made available to the public at the Company’s registered offices, on the corporate website, and it is sent and filed with the authorized storage mechanism IInfo on the www.1Info.it website at least 21 days before the annual Meeting of the Shareholders, generally coinciding with the meeting for the approval of the financial statement, so as to allow the Shareholders to express their non-binding vote to approve or disapprove the Policy. The results of the vote of the Shareholders on the Policy must be filed and available to the public on the corporate website of the Company no later than 5 days after the meeting has taken place.

The Compensation Report remains available on the corporate website in compliance with current regulations.

5. Directors compensation – general guidelines

Within the Board, Directors are divided as follows:

- (i) executive Directors;
- (ii) non-executive and/or independent Directors.

There may also be Directors with special appointments (members of the Compensation and Appointment Committee or the Audit and Risk Committee, the Director part of the Supervisory Body pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/01, the Lead Independent Director, and the members of the Committee for Transactions with Related Parties).

On the date of approval of this Policy, the Directors are divided as follows:

- Executive Directors: the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Massimo della Porta (also serving as Chief Technology and Innovation Officer and as Group CEO) and the Managing Director Giulio Canale (serving also as Chief Financial Officer as well as Deputy CEO);

- Non-executive Directors: all the remaining Directors, and namely Stefano Baldi, Emilio Bartezzaghi, Adriano De Maio, Alessandra della Porta, Luigi Lorenzo della Porta, Andrea Dogliotti, Pietro Mazzola, Roberto Orecchia and Andrea Sironi.

The Meeting of the Shareholders of SAES of April 24, 2012, on occasion of the appointment of the Board of Directors, has defined an overall compensation pursuant to Art. 2389, paragraph 1, of the Civil Code, as wages and remuneration for the Directors, appointing the Board of Directors with the task of dividing said overall amount among its members.

In particular, the overall annual gross compensation was established by the Shareholders in the measure of Euro 120,000.00, and was subdivided by the Board of Directors, upon their meeting following their appointment, as follows:

- Euro 10,000.00 per each Director; and
- Euro 20,000.00 for the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Shareholders also resolved the following compensations for the committees part of the Board of Directors:

- Euro 9,000.00 per each member of the Audit Committee, and Euro 16,000.00 for the Chairman of the Audit Committee;
- Euro 4,000.00 per each member of the Compensation and Appointment Committee, and Euro 7,000.00 for the Chairman of the Compensation and Appointment Committee.
- no additional compensation was resolved for the members of the Committee for Transactions with Related Parties.

The additional compensation for Directors invested of special appointments was determined by the Board of Directors.

The Board determined the following yearly compensations:

- Euro 16,000.00 for the Independent Director part of the Supervisory Body;
- Euro 20,000.00 for the Lead Independent Director.

Directors are also entitled to the refund for all expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.

In line with best practice, an insurance policy, the so-called D&O (Directors and Officers) Liability is entered into, covering for third party liability of corporate bodies acting in their capacity as directors or officers. Said insurance policy is aimed at holding the Group harmless from the losses deriving from any damages connected and attributable to the events foreseen in the applicable National Collective Labor Agreement and as defined in the relevant provisions of the appointment contract, excluding any willful misconduct or gross negligence.

Furthermore, in line with best practice, non-executive Directors are not entitled to a variable compensation adjustment, nor are they entitled to any bond or stock-based compensation plan.

6. Executive Directors Compensation (Chairman and Managing Director)

The Compensation and Appointment Committee submits to the Board of Directors proposals and/or opinions relative to the compensation to be attributed to Executive Directors.

Executive Directors compensation is comprised of the following elements:

- a gross, fixed annuity;
- a variable component divided in two parts:
 - ✓ one payable annually (called MBO), to which directors are entitled upon the attainment of a specific company objective;
 - ✓ a medium/long term component with deferred payment (so-called LTI Plan).

The Company believes that compensation should be connected with company performances. Nonetheless the competitive aspect of compensation should be based on an excessive emphasis on short-term results alone, but rather find a balanced middle-ground between fixed and variable compensation, avoiding unbalanced highs or lows that would hardly be justified in a business where the success of the Company is not always directly linked to short-term performance.

The fixed component is determined proportionally to the range of the tasks to which each executive is appointed and the responsibilities undertaken, and it must also reflect the experience and competence of each executive officer, so as to justly compensate the position, efforts, and performance even in case the Company's objectives are not attained due to causes outside of the Executive Directors' sphere of influence (i.e., adverse market conditions). Equally important is the consistency with which the Policy is applied through time, to ensure the necessary organizational stability.

In determining the compensation and its single components, the Board of Directors keeps into account the scope of the appointments conferred upon the executive Directors. Particularly, compensation is determined based on the following criteria:

- a) the fixed component weighs upon the Executive Direct Compensation Target in a generally adequate and sufficient measure, in order to avoid excessive fluctuations which could not be justified in light of the labor market structure indicated above;
- b) the (yearly) MBO target incentive, assigned to Executive Directors upon attaining company objectives, may represent a significant component of compensation, but it may not exceed the total amount of the Gross Annuity (RAL);
- c) all payments are payable only after the approval by the Shareholders of the relevant Financial Statements.

The executive directors who hold positions on the Board of Directors of the subsidiaries do not receive any remuneration in addition to the remuneration described in this Policy.

Please refer to section 7 below for a more detailed description of the MBO and LTI Plan.

For Executive Directors not under top-management labor agreements, the Board of Directors generally provides, with the purpose of ensuring comparable work conditions as those provided by the Law and/or by the National Collective Labor Agreement to the Italian executive officers of the Group:

- a Directors' Severance Indemnity (the "TFM") pursuant to Art. 17, paragraph 1, letter c) of the T.U.I.R., No. 917/1986, having analogous characteristics with those typical of a regular Severance Indemnity (TFR) pursuant to art. 2120 of the Civil Code, due, pursuant to the Law, to the Italian executive officers of the Group, inclusive of all contributions borne by the employer, normally payable to social security Institutes or Funds for manager-level employment contracts. The TFM was regularly instituted by the Shareholders of SAES Getters S.p.A. on April 27, 2006, by the Shareholders on their Meeting held April 21, 2009 and by the Shareholders on their Meeting held April 24, 2012. The Chairman and the Managing Director are entitled to such TFM, as well as additional Directors with operative/executive appointments, as indicated by the Board of Directors, after having examined the compensation and social contribution status of each Director.
- the institution of a TFM is aimed at obtaining, upon retirement, a sufficient retirement fund – in line with Italian and international standards, which is conventionally indicated in the measure of 50% of the last salary received.
The resolutions relating to the TFM were implemented by purchasing a TFM insurance policy, with a major insurance company, in the name of the Company, in compliance with the requirements of Law, alimeted by an annual premium of amount equal to the provision for severance indemnity, in order to reach company objectives. Said provision is made in the measure of 20% of compensation – both fixed and variable – paid to Directors, as resolved by the Board of Directors pursuant to Art. 2389 of the Civil Code.
- an insurance policy covering work and non-work related injuries, with premiums paid by the Company;
- indemnity for permanent invalidity or death caused by illness;
- health insurance;
- additional benefits typically awarded to top management officers.

As of the date of validity of this Policy the Company has no incentive plans based on financial instruments.

The Board of Directors, upon request by the Compensation and Appointment Committee, may award Executive Directors discretionary bonuses in relation to specific operations of exceptional import, in terms of strategic relevance and consequence affecting the Group's results.

An analysis of the positioning, composition, and, more generally, of the competitiveness of the Executive Directors' compensation is carried out by the Compensation and Appointment Committee and by the Board of Directors, with the assistance, where needed, of external

consultants with proven and specific competences in the field, and ascertained independence.

7. MBO and LTI Plan

The annual variable component of compensation (“**MBO**”) requires an evaluation of an officer’s performance on a yearly basis. The MBO objectives for Executive Directors are established by the Board of Directors, in line with the Policy, upon a proposal by the Compensation and Appointment Committee, and are connected with the performance, on an annual basis, of the Company and the Group.

Accrual of the annual variable component is subject to the achievement of the parameter “EBITDA”.

In particular, the amount of MBO awarded to Executive Directors may never amount to more than 100% the gross fixed annuity/RAL. In order to contribute to the attainment of medium/long term interests, the Group adopted, since 2009, a medium/long term incentive system connected with the attainment of the objectives contained in the triennial strategic plan (first the “2009/2011”, and then the following “2012/2014”), called LTI Plan.

In case the objectives of said triennial strategic plan is reached, the executive officer participating in such objectives accrues an LTI incentive determined as a percentage of the gross fixed annuity/RAL awarded at the time in which his participation in the LTI Plan was established. This medium/long term variable component based on a target can in no case be in excess of 100% of the gross fixed annuity/RAL (Policy 2012-2014) upon reaching the target. Should results not only reach but go beyond the target, the incentive shall increase up to a maximum cap of 200% of the gross fixed annuity/RAL.

Payment of this incentive is deferred to the last year of the triennial period. Payment is subject to the Shareholders’ approval of the Financial Statements for the relevant year.

With regard to the variable components of Executive Directors compensation please note that the Compensation and Appointment Committee elaborates and presents to the Board of Director, on an annual basis, the MBO objectives and, during the following year, verifies the performance of each Director in order to verify the attainment of the MBO objectives of the previous year.

The Compensation and Appointment Committee is also in charge for proposing to the Board of Directors, upon presentation and approval of the three-year plan, the target goal of the LTI Plan and its expiration shall carry out a verification of the performance of the executive order to define the achievement of the LTI Plan.

In case the objectives are not reached, the competent Director receives no incentive, including *pro-quota*, with regard to the LTI Plan.

The LTI Plan is also aimed at promoting retention: in case of severance of the appointment, for any reason, before the end of the triennial period, Directors cannot claim any right over the LTI Plan, and consequently the triennial incentive, including *pro-quota*, will not be paid out.

8. Indemnity in case of resignation, dismissal, or severance

With regard to Executive Directors, the Company does not pay out any extraordinary indemnity linked to severance.

No indemnity is due in case of revocation of appointment for just cause.

A specific indemnity may be awarded in case of revocation by the Meeting of the Shareholders or revocation, by the Board of Directors, of the powers granted to a Director, without just cause, or termination of the work agreement upon initiative of the Director for just cause, such as, by way of example, a substantial modification of the role or powers of such Director, and/or in case of hostile take-over.

In such cases, the allowance is equal to 2.5 year of the annual gross compensation, meaning the sum of the total compensation (fixed compensation to which must be added the average of the variable perceived in the previous two years).

Said amount is defined with the purpose of guaranteeing a uniform indemnity among Executive Directors and Executives with Strategic Responsibilities, and is in line with the prevailing market practice of listed companies.

In case of revocation of the powers by the Board of Directors, motivated by a significantly substandard company performance (i.e. not under 40%) as compared to the results of comparable companies – in terms of dimension and market of reference – or of a relevant harm to the company's value, unrelated to market fluctuations, said indemnity may be reduced, or, in extreme circumstances, be revoked in full.

In case of not renewal, there is a compensation equal to 2.0 year of the annual gross compensation meaning the sum of the total compensation (gross annual compensation defined as the sum of the fixed annual remuneration increased by the average of the variable remuneration perceived in the previous two years).

In case of resignation, Executive Directors are not entitled to any indemnity. Executive Directors may resign with a six-month notice.

In case of illness or injury, which may inhibit a Director vested with special appointments to carry out his duties, said Director shall be entitled to receive, for a period not exceeding twelve (12) consecutive months, an indemnity equal to one annuity, excluding variables. Past said period, the Company may choose to terminate the work agreement with said Director, with a three-month prior notice, paying an indemnity of Euro 1,500,000.00 gross.

9. Compensation of Executive with Strategic Responsibilities (excluding regular members of the Statutory Auditors)

In order to motivate and retain Executive officers with Strategic Responsibilities (i.e. first-level managers and members of the so-called Corporate Management Committee, a company committee, outside of the corporate structure that includes first-level officers of the Company with reporting functions, where Executive Directors provide and share guidelines and objectives, and thus excludes all regular members of the Statutory Auditors), compensation guidelines are as follows:

- a gross fixed annuity/RAL;
- a variable component paid annually (called MBO/PFS or “Partnership for success”) which is awarded upon reaching predefined company/personal objectives with a target bonus of 40% of the base annuity;
- a medium/long term variable component (LTI Plan) connected to specific objectives, with deferred payment and a maximum cap of one annuity, calculated on the base annuity at the time the incentive is assigned.

Base salaries/RAL are verified, and, where needed, adjusted on an annual basis by the Human Resource Department, and approved by the Board of Directors, in consideration of a number of factors, including, by way of example, but not limited to: a) labor market fluctuations; b) work performance; c) level of responsibility/capacity; d) balance/equality of internal retribution levels; e) benchmark of similar positions in comparable companies; f) experience, competence, potential, career opportunities.

Variable components are aimed at motivating Executives with Strategic Responsibilities to reaching annual objectives (MBO/PFS) as well as long term strategic objectives.

The LTI Plan for Executives with Strategic Responsibilities is aimed at promoting the fidelization and motivation of key resources, based on a retribution structure modified in some of its component, allowing the accrual of long-term capital. The LTI Plan is aimed at guaranteeing the Company greater organizational stability as a result of key-positions being held by the same people in time, and thus obtaining managerial continuity and alignment with strategic company objectives of medium time range.

Executives with Strategic Responsibilities, being hired under executive contracts, enjoy non-monetary benefits that include health insurance, injury policies (both work and non-work related), life insurance policies and social security benefits. During 2013, the Company has established for Executives with Strategic Responsibilities and other executives of the Company an *ad hoc* program of non-monetary benefits the Flex Benefits 2013, the amount of which varies depending on length of service in service in the executive (seniority calculated with exclusive reference to SAES) (2,500 euro for managers with seniority in qualification in SAES of over 6 years, 1,500 euro for the other managers) also applied for the year 2015 (has also happened in the year 2014).

Executive officers with Strategic Responsibilities enjoy indemnities in case of termination of the work relationship without just cause by the Company, pursuant to the National Collective Labor Agreement (CCNL Dirigenti Industria), which provides quantitative limits and application procedures.

Executive officers with Strategic Responsibilities who hold positions on the Boards of Directors of subsidiaries or other corporate bodies (eg Supervisory Body) do not receive any remuneration in addition to the remuneration they receive as employees.

10. Non competition agreements and of change of controls

The Company may enter into non competition agreements with Executive Directors and Executives with Strategic Responsibilities, which may provide the payment of a sum related to compensation with regard to the duration and scope of the obligations deriving from said agreement.

Non-competition obligations shall refer to the market sector in which the Group operates, and may extend to all the Countries in which the Group operates.

For the Managers with Strategic Responsibilities (meaning the first line managers that are part of the so-called Corporate Management Committee at the time of the event), is provided a recognition of a bonus equal to 2.5 annual global gross in the event of termination of employment for "change of control".

To "change of control" is defined as any event that directly or indirectly alter the ownership structure, the chain of control of the Company and the Company's parent and that may be exercised by the Company or by the executive as better condition than the force for CCNL industrial managers.

This requirement replaces as governed by the National Collective Labor Agreement for the case in question (article 13 CCNL Dirigenti Industria).

11. Compensation of the Statutory Auditors

The compensation to be awarded to the Statutory Auditors is decided by the Shareholders upon appointment of said committee, and is based on professional fees (as long as applicable) and/or normal market practice.

According to their participation in the Company's supervisory bodies (for example, in the Supervisory Board pursuant to Legislative Decree 231/01), and within the limits provided by the applicable laws, Statutory Auditors may be entitled to additional compensation.